

# **Pan-Canadian Health Promoter Competencies**

# 1. Health Promotion Knowledge and Skills

Draw upon a multi-disciplinary base of core concepts, principles, theory and research to understand health issues and inform health promotion action.

A health promoter is able to:

- 1.1 Apply a population health promotion approach, including determinants of health and health equity, to the analysis of health issues.
- 1.2 Apply health promotion principles, theory and research to:
  - a) Identify options for health promotion action.
  - b) Plan, implement and evaluate health promotion action.

#### 2. Situational Assessments

Partner with communities to conduct a situational assessment for a health issue to assess needs, strengths and opportunities in the context of health determinants and health equity. A situational assessment integrates consideration of the health needs of the population; the social, economic, political, cultural and environmental contexts; stakeholder perspectives; and, existing evidence and experience; in order to inform options for health promotion action.

A health promoter is able to:

- 2.1 Retrieve and synthesize population health status information to describe the importance and underlying causes of a health issue.
- 2.2 Access and critically appraise evidence (i.e. published and grey literature, systematic reviews, and promising practices) for potential health promotion action.
- 2.3 Conduct an environmental scan to identify community perspectives, assets, resources, challenges and gaps.
- 2.4 Interpret population health status information, evidence, and environmental scan findings to identify options for health promotion action.

### 3. Plan and Evaluate Health Promotion Action

Working with stakeholders, develop a plan to achieve measureable health promotion goals and objectives based on a situational assessment's findings. Modify the plan as needed based on monitoring of its implementation and evaluation of its impact.

- 3.1 Develop a plan to implement health promotion action including goals, objectives, and implementation and evaluation steps.
- 3.2 Identify and oversee resources (e.g., skills, personnel, partner contributions, budget) to develop, implement and evaluate sustainable health promotion action.
- 3.3 Monitor and evaluate the implementation of health promotion action.



# 4. Policy Development and Advocacy

Reflecting community needs, contribute to the development of, and advocacy for, policies to improve health and reduce inequities.

A health promoter is able to:

- 4.1 Describe the potential implications of policy options (i.e., health, economic, administrative, legal, social, environmental, political and other factors, as applicable).
- 4.2 Provide strategic policy advice on health promotion issues.
- 4.3 Write clear and concise briefs for health promotion issues.
- 4.4 Apply understanding of the policy making process to assist, enable and facilitate the community to contribute to policy development.

## 5. Community Mobilization and Building Community Capacity

Facilitate community mobilization and build community capacity around shared health priorities.

A health promoter is able to:

- 5.1 Develop relationships and engage in a dialogue with communities based on trust and mutual respect.
- 5.2 Identify and strengthen local community capacities to take action on health issues.
- 5.3 Advocate for and with communities to improve their health and well-being.

## 6. Partnership and Collaboration

Work collaboratively with partners and across sectors to enhance the impact and sustainability of health promotion action.

- 6.1 Establish and maintain linkages with community leaders and other key health promotion stakeholders (e.g., schools, businesses, local governments, faith groups, non-governmental organizations, etc.).
- 6.2 Utilize leadership, team building, negotiation and conflict resolution skills to build community partnerships.
- 6.3 Build and support coalitions to stimulate intersectoral collaboration on health issues.



#### 7. Communication

Communicate health promotion information effectively with diverse audiences using appropriate approaches and technologies.

A health promoter is able to:

- 7.1 Provide information tailored to specific audiences (e.g., professional, community groups. general population) on population health status and health promotion action.
- 7.2 Apply communication methods and techniques to the development, implementation and evaluation of health promotion action.
- 7.3 Use the media, information technologies, and community networks to receive and communicate information.
- 7.4 Communicate with diverse populations in a culturally-appropriate manner.

# 8. Diversity and Inclusiveness

Interact effectively with diverse individuals, groups and communities to promote health and reduce health inequities.

- 8.1 Recognize how the determinants of health (biological, social, cultural, economic and physical environments) influence the health and well-being of specific population groups.
- 8.2 Address population diversity when planning, implementing, adapting and evaluating health promotion action.
- 8.3 Apply culturally-relevant and appropriate approaches with people from diverse cultural, socioeconomic and educational backgrounds, and persons of all ages, genders, health status, sexual orientations and abilities.



# 9. Leadership and Building Organizational Capacity

Provide leadership within employing organization to build health promotion capacity and performance including team and individual level learning.

- 9.1 Describe the context of health promotion structures and roles at different jurisdictional levels.
- 9.2 Describe how the work of health promotion supports the organization's vision, mission and priorities.
- 9.3 Contribute to developing key values and a shared vision in planning and implementing health promotion action in the community.
- 9.4 Demonstrate an ability to set and follow priorities, and to maximize outcomes based on available resources.
- 9.5 Contribute to maintaining organizational performance standards.
- 9.6 Manage self, others, information and resources in an ethical manner.
- 9.7 Contribute to team and organizational learning in order to advance health promotion goals (e.g., mentor students and other staff; participate in research and quality assurance initiatives).
- 9.8 Pursue lifelong learning in the field of health promotion (e.g., professional development; practice development).